- (v) Benefits under the National School Lunch Act;
- (vi) Benefits under any housing assistance program for lower income families or elderly or handicapped persons which is administered by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Agriculture;
- (vii) Benefits under the special supplemental food program for women, infants, and children established under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966:
- (viii) Benefits under part A of the Energy Conservation in Existing Buildings Act of 1976;
- (ix) Benefits under the supplemental security income program under title XVI of the Social Security Act;
- (x) Old age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act:
- (xi) Benefits under title XVIII of the Social Security Act;
- (xii) Aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under section 402(a) of the Social Security Act;
- (xiii) Medical assistance under a State plan approved under section 1902(a) of the Social Security Act;
- (xiv) Benefits under title XX of the Social Security Act;
- (xv) Benefits under section 336 of the Older Americans Act; or
- (xvi) Benefits under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981, which are intended for the personal use of the individual who receives the benefits or for a member of the individual's family.
- (d) No proof of specific intent to defraud is required to establish liability under this section.
- (e) In any case in which it is determined that more than one person is liable for making a claim or statement under this section, each such person may be held liable for a civil penalty under this section.
- (f) In any case in which it is determined that more than one person is liable for making a claim under this section, and on which the Government has made payment (including transferred property or provided services), an assessment may be imposed against any such person or jointly and severally

against any combination of such persons.

§16.4 Investigation.

- (a) If an investigating official concludes that a subpoena pursuant to the authority conferred by 31 U.S.C. 3804(a) is warranted—
- (1) The subpoena so issued shall notify the person to whom it is addressed of the authority under which the subpoena is issued and shall identify the information, records, or documents sought;
- (2) The investigating official may designate a person to act on his behalf to receive the information, records, or documents sought; and
- (3) The person receiving such subpoena shall be required to tender to the investigating official or to the person designated to receive the information, records, or documents, a certification that the information, records, or documents sought have been produced, or that such information, records, or documents are not available and the reasons therefor, or that such information, records, or documents, suitably identified, have been withheld based upon the assertion of an identified legal privilege.
- (b) If the investigating official concludes that an action under the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act may be warranted, the investigating official shall report the findings and conclusions of such investigation to the reviewing official.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude or limit the investigating official's discretion to refer allegations directly to the Department of Justice for suit under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. 3729–3731, or for other civil relief, or to preclude or limit such official's discretion to defer or postpone a report or referral to avoid interference with an investigation into criminal misconduct or a criminal prosecution.
- (d) Nothing in this section modifies any responsibility of the investigating official to report violations of criminal law to the Attorney General.

§ 16.5 Review by the reviewing official.

(a) If, based on the report of the investigating official under §16.4(b), the reviewing official determines that